

Special Small Cap Value Fund Summary

Class/Ticker: Institutional Class - ESPNX			
Summary Prospectus	August 1, 2015		
Link to Prospectus	Link to SAI		

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus and other information about the Fund online at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com/reports. You can also get information at no cost by calling 1-800-222-8222, or by sending an email request to wfaf@wellsfargo.com. The current prospectus ("Prospectus") dated August 1, 2015, and statement of additional information ("SAI") dated August 1, 2015, are incorporated by reference into this summary prospectus. The Fund's SAI may be obtained, free of charge, in the same manner as the Prospectus.

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses

These tables are intended to help you understand the various costs and expenses you will pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load) (as a percentage of offering price)	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)¹

Management Fees	0.84%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.17%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.02%
Fee Waivers	(0.07)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver ²	0.95%

1. Expenses have been adjusted as necessary from amounts incurred during the Fund's most recent fiscal year to reflect current fees and expenses.

2. The Adviser has contractually committed through July 31, 2016, to waive fees and/or reimburse expenses to the extent necessary to cap the Fund's Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver at 0.94% for Institutional Class. Brokerage commissions, stamp duty fees, interest, taxes, acquired fund fees and expenses, and extraordinary expenses are excluded from the cap. After this time, the cap may be increased or the commitment to maintain the cap may be terminated only with the approval of the Board of Trustees.

Example of Expenses

The example below is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the costs of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes a \$10,000 initial investment, 5% annual total return, and that fees and expenses remain the same as in the tables above. The example also assumes that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver shown above will only be in place for the length of the current waiver commitment. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

After:	
1 Year	\$97
3 Years	\$318
5 Years	\$556
10 Years	\$1,241

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 79% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, we invest:

■ at least 80% of the Fund's net assets in equity securities of small-capitalization companies.

We invest principally in equity securities of small-capitalization companies, which we define as companies with market capitalizations within the range of the Russell 2000° Index at the time of purchase. The market capitalization range of the Russell 2000° Index was \$103 million to \$4.71 billion as of June 30, 2015, and is expected to change frequently.

We look for significantly undervalued companies that we believe have the potential for above average capital growth with below average risk. Rigorous fundamental research drives our search for undervalued, high quality companies; which we define as industry leaders with strong balance sheets and superior cash flows. We utilize quantitative screens to narrow the investment universe by assessing companies' financial statement strength and looking for high cash flows and low financial leverage. Through detailed qualitative research we then identify stocks valued below their estimated intrinsic value with hidden opportunities for above-average appreciation. Typical investments include stocks of companies that have low price-to-earnings ratios, are generally out of favor in the marketplace, are selling significantly below their stated or replacement book value or are undergoing a reorganization or other corporate action that may create above-average price appreciation. We regularly review the investments of the portfolio and may sell a portfolio holding when a stock's price nears its intrinsic value appreciation target, the macro environment becomes unfavorable, shortterm downside risks increase, the company's fundamentals have deteriorated or we identify a more attractive investment opportunity.

Principal Investment Risks

An investment in the Fund may lose money, is not a deposit of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. or its affiliates, is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency, and is primarily subject to the risks briefly summarized below.

Investment Style Risk. Securities of a particular investment style, such as a growth style or value style, tend to perform differently and shift into and out of favor with investors depending on changes in market and economic sentiment and conditions.

Management Risk. Investment decisions, techniques, analyses or models implemented by a Fund's manager or sub-adviser in seeking to achieve the Fund's investment objective may not produce the returns expected, may cause the Fund's shares to lose value or may cause the Fund to underperform other funds with similar investment objectives.

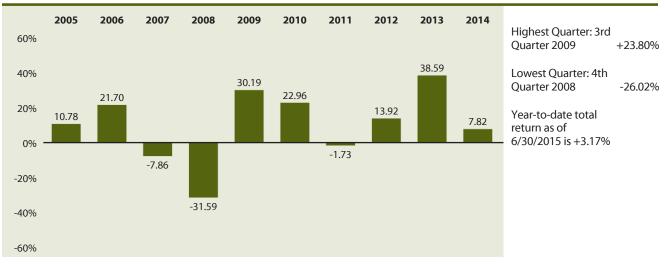
Market Risk. The values of, and/or the income generated by, securities held by a Fund may decline due to general market conditions or other factors, including those directly involving the issuers of such securities. Security markets are volatile and may decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, regulatory, political, or economic developments. Different sectors of the market and different security types may react differently to such developments.

Smaller Company Securities Risk. Securities of companies with smaller market capitalizations tend to be more volatile and less liquid than those of larger companies.

Performance

The following information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year. The Fund's average annual total returns are compared to the performance of one or more indices. Past performance before and after taxes is no guarantee of future results. Current month-end performance is available on the Fund's Web site at wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com.

Calendar Year Total Returns as of 12/31 each year Institutional Class



Average Annual Total Returns for the periods ended 12/31/2014

	Inception Date of Share Class	1 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Institutional Class (before taxes)	7/30/2010	7.82%	15.52%	8.57%
Institutional Class (after taxes on distributions)	7/30/2010	2.59%	14.02%	7.01%
Institutional Class (after taxes on distributions and the sale of Fund Shares)	7/30/2010	6.82%	12.26%	6.82%
Russell 2000 [®] Value Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)		4.22%	14.26%	6.89%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state, local or foreign taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to tax-exempt investors or investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) Plans or Individual Retirement Accounts.

Fund Management

Adviser	Investment Sub-adviser	Portfolio Manager, Title/Managed Since
Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC	Wells Capital Management Incorporated	James M. Tringas, CFA, CPA, Portfolio Manager / 2002 Robert Rifkin, CFA, Portfolio Manager / 2010 Bryant VanCronkhite, CFA, CPA, Portfolio Manager / 2013

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Institutional Class shares are generally available through financial intermediaries for the accounts of their customers and directly to institutional investors and individuals. Institutional investors may include corporations; private banks and trust companies; endowments and foundations; defined contribution, defined benefit and other employer sponsored retirement plans; institutional retirement plan platforms; insurance companies; registered investment advisor firms; bank trusts; 529 college savings plans; family offices; and fund of funds including those managed by Funds Management. In general, you can buy or sell shares of the Fund online or by mail, phone or wire on any day the New York Stock Exchange is open for regular trading. You also may buy and sell shares through a financial professional.

Minimum Investments	To Buy or Sell Shares
Minimum Initial Investment	Mail: Wells Fargo Advantage Funds
Institutional Class: \$1 million (this amount may be reduced or eliminated for	P.O. Box 8266
certain eligible investors)	Boston, MA 02266-8266
	Online: wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com
Minimum Additional Investment	Phone or Wire: 1.800.222.8222
Institutional Class: None	Contact your financial professional.

Tax Information

Any distributions you receive from the Fund may be taxable as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) or other tax advantaged investment plan. However, subsequent withdrawals from such a tax advantaged investment plan may be subject to federal income tax. You should consult your tax adviser about your specific tax situation.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase a Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Consult your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's Web site for more information.